

**Highways & Transportation I (ECIV 4333)**  
**Answer the following questions**  
**Time Allowed 135 Minutes**



**FINAL EXAM**

اسم الطالب/ة	الرقم الجامعي

Question No.	Mark	Max. Mark	Notes
<b>1</b>		<b>6</b>	
<b>2</b>		<b>8</b>	
<b>3</b>		<b>7</b>	
<b>4</b>		<b>7</b>	
<b>5</b>		<b>10</b>	
<b>6</b>		<b>12</b>	
<b>total</b>		<b>50</b>	

**Question 1:**

**(6points)**

Study the following statements & indicate if they are (**True or False**) & **Comment**.

A. The dark accident rate is much more than daylight rate.

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.....

B. It is preferred to have a T- intersection.

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C. Level-of-service criteria are applied to travel during the off peak period.

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D. Level-of-service designations are from A (lowest) to F (highest).

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E. Traffic flow theory involves mathematical relationships between flow and density.

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F. Intersections tend to have high potential for crashes.

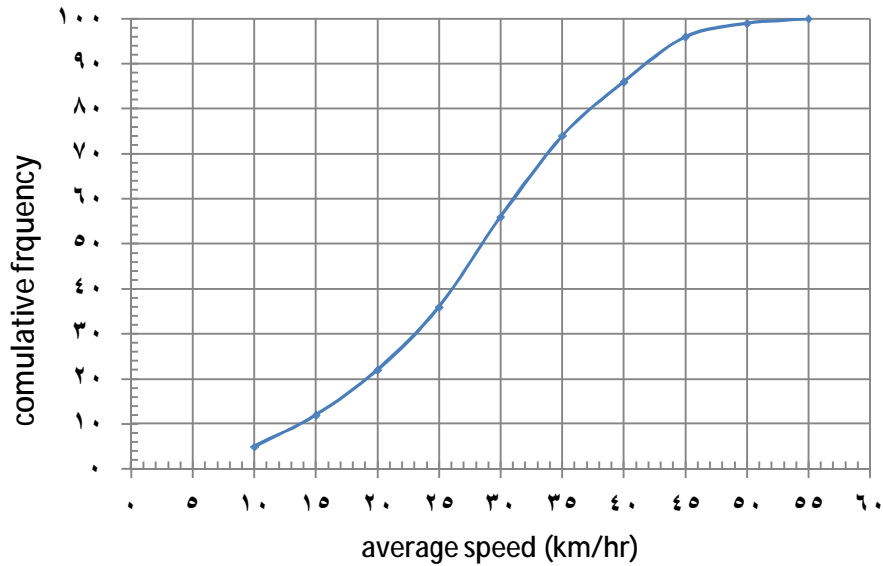
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**Question 3:**

(7 points)

The following chart shows the cumulative frequency distribution Curve of a spot speed study on an existing freeway.



A. Complete the missing data in the following table:

Class Mid-value (km/h)	Number of vehicles	%of observation	Cum. % of observation	
10	.....			
15	.....			
20	.....			
25	.....			
30	.....			
35	.....			
40	.....			
45	.....			
50	12	3%		
55	.....			

B. Determine the Median speed, Average speed, Modal speed and the 90<sup>th</sup>-percentile speed.

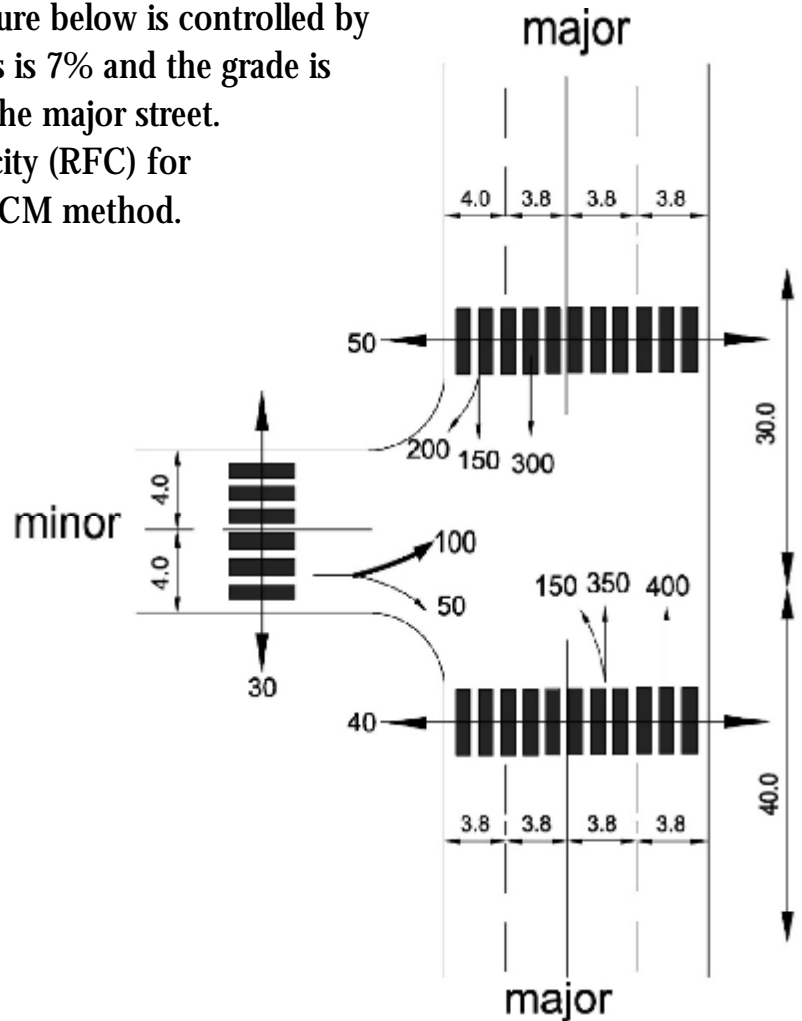


**Question 5:**

(10 points)

A T- intersection shown in the figure below is controlled by priority rule. The percent of trucks is 7% and the grade is 2% in the minor street and 3% in the major street.

A. Calculate Ratio of flow to capacity (RFC) for the **Bolded** movement using HCM method.



B. Using the British method, Find RFC for the same movement. Compare between the two methods and comment.

**Question 6:****(12 points)**

A proposed two-way (two-lane) highway is to be designed consisting of two segments; the first segment is 3.2 km long and the second is 2.2 Km long.

Given the following information:

**Traffic data:**

Commuter traffic( Class I)

PHV = 800 veh/h

PHF = 0.91

55% in the peak direction

6% trucks

2% recreational vehicles

No-passing zones: 20%

**Geometric data:**

Rolling terrain

BFFS = 96.3 km/h

Shoulder width = 0.6 m

Lane width= 3.1m

5 access points per km

A- Determine the level of service?

**(6 points)**

**B- Compute  $V/C$ , the total number of vehicle-Kilometer traveled during the peak 15-minute and peak hour, and total travel time in peak 15 min. (4 points)**

**C- Determine the minimum lane width to provide Level of service C? (2 points)**